(c) The Ninth Five Year Plan has not been finalised by the Planning Commission.

Rent Payment by Rashtriya Pariyojana Nigam Limited

3491. SHRI JIBON ROY: Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Rashtriya Pariyojana Nigam Limited had taken a guest House on rent in Calcutta by paying very high rent, if so, the details thereof;

(b) whether it is also a fact that for taking the Guest House on rent huge amount of money was paid as "salami" to the owner/landlord of the building;

(c) if so, the action taken by Government on the above issues togetherwith other details furnished by RPNL Workers' Union of India, Calcutta; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI JANESHWAR MISHRA): (a) M/s Rashtriya Pariyojna Nirman Nigam had taken a Guest House on rent at Calcutta in September, 1978 at the monthly rent of Rs.1700/- per month. The rent was negotiated with the land lord on the expiry of the stipulated period. The revised rental of the guest house is Rs.7500/- per month since September, 1995 for a period of 5 years, which is based on prevailing market rate.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) and (d) Do not arise.

उत्तर प्रदेश में सिंचाई परियोजनाओं के लिए तकनीकी आर्थिक आकलन

3492. **श्री मनोहर कान्त ध्यानी:** क्या जल संसाधन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार ने पहाड़ी क्षेत्रों में वृहत और मध्यम सिंचाई परियोजनाओं के तकनीकी-आर्थिक आकलन के लिए कोई प्रस्ताव भेजा है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ग) इस पर केन्द्रीय सरकार ने क्या कार्यवाही की है;

(घ) क्या इन क्षेत्रों में लघु सिंचाई परियोजनाओं के संबंध में कोई व्यवहार्यता अध्ययन किया गया है;

(ङ) यदि नहीं, तो इसका क्या परिणाम निकला; और

(च) इन क्षेत्रों में सिंचाई सुविधा के विकास के लिए किये जा रहे उपायों का ब्यौरा क्या है?

जल संसाधन मंत्री (श्री जनेश्वर मिश्र): (क) उत्तर प्रदेश के पहाड़ी क्षेत्रों की किसी भी नई वृहद और मध्यम सिंचाई परियोजनाओं का मूल्यांकन केन्द्रीय जल आयोग में नहीं किया जा रहा है।

(ख) और (ग) प्रश्न नहीं उठते।

(घ) से (च) राज्य सरकारों द्वारा लघु सिंचाई परियोजनाओं की व्यवहार्यता रिपोर्ट (फीज़िबिलिटी रिपोर्ट) तैयार और कार्यान्वित की जाती है। इनकी जांच केन्द्र द्वारा नहीं की जाती।

Clearing of Rivers

3493. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that urban aquifers (underground reservoirs) that are recharged by abused rivers, like the Yamuna in Delhi, are filled with sewage and that water is later pumped up by domestic borewells;

(b) whether it is also a fact that 13 major rivers of India make up 80 percent of the total surface water and its basins from home to nearly 85 per cent of our population and the water in these rivers, particularly near towns and industrial belts, are feeding place for bacteria;

(c) whether Government have conducted any study in this regard; and

(d) if so, the action Government plan to take to clean these rivers?

THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI JANESHWAR MISHRA): (a) Some stretches of major rivers like Yamuna in Delhi are polluted. Water quality in urban aquifers in some areas of Delhi has deteriorated due to contamination by waste disposal. The water from Ranney Wells in Yamuna flood plain is pumped up for domestic supply after due treatment by Delhi Water Supply & Sewage Disposal Undertaking. Domestic borewells in Delhi beyond Yamuna flood plain are not recharged by Yamuna water.

(b) to (d) Yes, Sir. There are 33 polluted stretches in major rivers of the country which have been taken up for pollution abatement programmes of the Ministry of Environment & Forests. The list of these stretches alongwith the water quality status and causes of pollution is given in Statement *(See* below) Work on these programme is already in progress and will take about 10 years to complete.

Statement

National River Conservation Plan

Grossly polluted and less polluted stretches of some major national rivers.

River	Polluted Stretch	Existing Class	Desired Class		Critical Parameters.
I. Grossly Polluted Stretches:					
Sabarmati	i) immediate upstream of Ahmedabad city upto Sabarmati Ashram		E	B	DO, BOD Coliforms
	ii) Sabarmati Ashram to Veutha		E	D	-do-
Indus (Tributaries)	i) D/S Ludhiana to Harike	Partly	D	C	DO,BOD
Sutlej	ii) D/S of Nangal	Partly Partly	E E	C	Ammonia
Yamuna	i) Delhi to confluence with Chambal	Partly -do-	D E	C	DO, BOD, Coliforms
	ii) In the city limits of Delhi, Agra and Mathura	Partly		B	-do-
Subarnarekha	Hathi Dam to Baharagora	Partly Partly	D C	C	-do-
Godavari	i) D/S of Nasik to Nanded	Partly Partly	D E	C	BOD
	ii) City limits of Nasik and Nanded	-do-		B	BOD
Krishna	Karad to Sangli	Partly Partly	D E	C	BOD

River		Polluted Stretches	Existing Class	Desired Class	Critical Parameters.
Chambal		D/S of Nagda & D/S Kota (Approx 15 Kms both the places)	Partly D Partly E	C	BOD, DO
Damodar		D/S of Dhanbad to Haldia	Partly D Partly E	C	BOD, Toxic
Gomti		Lucknow to confluence with Ganga	Partly D Partly E	C	DO, BOD, Coliforms
Kali		D/S of Modinagar to confluence with Ganga	Partly D Partly E	C	-do-
Khan	i)	In the city limits of Indore	E	B	-do-
	ii)	D/S of Indore	E	D	-do-
Kshipra	i)	In the city limits of Ujjain	E	B	-do-
	ii)	D/S of Ujjain	E	D	-do-
Hindon		Saharanpur to confluence with Yamuna	E	D	DO, BOD Toxic
II. Less Grossly Polluted Stretches:					
Baiterni		Upstream of Chandbali	D	B	BOD & Coliforms
Krishna	i)	Dhom Dam to Narso Babari (Maharashtra)	D	C	BOD & Coliforms
	ii)	Tributory Streams (Maharashtra)	D	C	-do-
	iii)	Upto Naga-Arjun Sagar Dam and from that Dam to upstream of Repella (Andhra Pradesh)	D	C	BOD & Coliforms
Bhadra		Origin to downstream of KICCL of Bhadra Dam (Karnataka)	D	C	Total Coliforms
Brahmini		Upstream of Dharmashalla	D	C	BOD & Coliforms
Tunga		Thirthahalli to confluence with Bhadra	C	B	Total Coliforms

River	Polluted Stretches	Existing Class	Desired Class	Critical Parameters.
Cauveri	i) From Talakkavari to 5 Kms of Mysore District Border Yagani (Karnataka)			
	ii) From KR Sagar Dam to Hogenekkal (Karnataka)			
	iii) From Pugalur to Grand Anicut (Tamil Nadu)			
	iv) From Grand Anicut to Kumpakonam (Tamil Nadu)			
Tapi	From city limits of Nepanagar to the city limits of Burhanpur (Madhya Pradesh)			
Narmada	Along the city limits of Jabalpur (Madhya Pradesh)			
Betwa	Between Vidisha and Mandideep and Bhopal (Madhya Pradesh)			

Note: Classification of water quality is as under:

A Drinking water source with out conventional treatment but after disinfection.

B Outdoor bathing

C Drinking water source with onventional treatment followed by disinfection

D Propogation of wild life.

E Irrigation, industrial cool ing, and waste disposal.

12.00 Noon

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

I. Report and Accounts (1995-96) of the Jute Corporation of India Limited, Calcutta and related papers

II. Report and Accounts (1995-96) of the Handloom Export Promotion Council, Madras and related papers

III. Report and Accounts (1995-96) of the Ahmedabad Textile Industry's Research Association, and related papers

IV. Report and Accounts (1995-96) of the Cotton Textiles Export Promotion Council, Mumbai and related papers

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI R.L. JALAPPA): Madam, I lay on the Table:—

I.(1) A copy each (in English and Hindi) of the following papers, under sub-section (1) of section 619A of the Companies Act, 1956:—

(i) Annual Report and Accounts of the Jute Corporation of India Limited, Calcutta, for the year